

Abstract

Present Thesis focuses on legal position of Jews in the Holy Roman Empire. As main sources are used legal books of the Holy Roman Empire and Jewish legal sources: regulations of the Jewish communities (*takanot*) and responsa of Me'ir of Rothenburg. Within this topic we focus on regulation of trade between Christians and Jews, primarily on law of concealment of stolen items (so-called *Hehlerrecht*). On the basis of particular examples from these sources we want to outline the legal situation of the Jewish communities among Christian inhabitants of Holy Roman Empire.