

## Summary

Introduced diploma thesis presents the results of the research project which investigated the impact on the national identity. The goal of the research project was to find out with a help of the quality research, in detail an anchored theory, the central phenomenon in the perception of the national identity. The results of the anchored theory shows, that this phenomenon is level of adaptation of the individual on the environment respectively level of acculturation and flowingly level of reintegration. Intervene conditions, such as strategy of the handling of the stress situations, work success or family and friends' bounds also influence this phenomenon. Main context line in this direction presents emigration and re-emigration of the individual with all the possible causes and intervene conditions. Important part of the context line is the fact of the leaving of the individual itself, including his or hers preparation for leaving the country. This in its' nature determines even the process of acculturation of the individual in emigration with the impact on the perception of the national identity. If I should state the result of the research in one sentence, I would characterize it as following:

“Level of acculturation of the individual in the emigration determines the perception of the national identity in re-emigration.”

First part of the diploma thesis serves as an introduction of the theme of re-emigration. The effort here was to clarify the concept of the nation, nationalism and a national identity. The explanation of the terms “culture shock”, “non-integration shock”, process of acculturation and an outline of emigration and re-emigration from the historical point of view are explained in the last two chapters of the theoretical parts.

All the important terms are stated in the category “key words” in the introduction part of the diploma thesis.