The Thesis with title ", Armament production for Whermacht and the Army of Aliance in Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia (1939 – 1945) is interested in detailed description of armament production within quality and quantity armoured of vehicles and infantry weapons made in war years 1939 – 1945 in Czech munition factories.

Foreword part deals with Czech production efore Munich agrément, suitable conditions for militarization and empowerment German Army nor the use in industry either for strategy location.

In following chapters the work describes main munition factories (Škoda Plzeň – Skoda Werke, ČKD Praha – BMM, Munition faktory Brno)and due to occupation our country,Czechoslovakia,maximal use of technical and human potenciál in Protectorate.The same it documents sale of spare weapons (cannons and munition) and presents German production,too.

In other chapters it directs to confrontal of weapons, thein improvement, following development, army tanks, (mainly tank ŠKODA vz. 35, tank ŠKODA vz. 35, light tank LT vz. 38 and later fighter tank and offensive cannons from útočná ČKD Prague, Marder III, Hetzer, Grille), infantry weapons made in Brnopěchotní (Carabine Mauser K98 and gunmachine MG34, MG42, MG131).

It mentios the biggest problem of German armament industry during War, that was critical shortage of raw materials for army production and the marked degrese for lower quality armament production and desrease.

In other parts we notice about militarization the Armies of Aliance (Slovakia, Hungary, Romania, Bulgaria) and use of Czech weapons in thein divisions in battlefront.

In final chapters it compares armament vehicles from Czech munition factories with simile constructial types made in Geramy, Russia and also in Hungary. The same it presents the view of author for army industry during Protectorate, mainly thanks for important informatik from recommended literature (Ivo Pejčoch, Charles K. Kliment).

The author would like to appeal not only for professional but also for wide laic public.