ABSTRACT

Title: Inter-rater Reliability of the Purdue Pegboard Test in Adults after a Stroke

Abstract:

The Purdue Pegboard Test (PPT) is a standardized tool which evaluates fine motor

skills, finger and hand dexterity. This test is used to assess and evaluate not only neurological

patients. The official Czech translation of the manual has not been available in the Czech

Republic yet.

To unify the administration of PPT, a new Czech extended version of the manual for

PPT: Model 32020A was created. It includes new evaluation rules, unification of scoring and

interpretation of tested individuals' performance and also provides exact instructions for

administration of recommended three trials of each subtest.

The main aim of this study was to determine inter-rater reliability of the PPT

administered according to new Czech extended manual version. Therefore, 31 Czech-speaking

adult patients after a stroke were tested by PPT at the Rehabilitation Center Kladruby. The

evaluation of these patients, based on the analysis of the video documentation obtained from

their testing, was performed by two independent occupational therapists.

Data from the results of both evaluators were analyzed using Spearman's correlation

coefficient. The correlation coefficient ranged from 0,967 to 1,000 for all subtests which

is considered a very high correlation, except for Both hand subtest when a value of 0,895

is considered a high correlation.

The results indicate that two raters agree on the way they administer and score the

performance of patients after a stroke, when using the new Czech extended version of the

manual for PPT. Thus, confirms the high inter-rater reliability of PPT administered according

to the new manual.

Key words: Purdue Pegboard Test, standardized test, reliability, stroke, occupational therapy