

ABSTRAKT

This thesis work discusses the ability to change the attitudes of children from the majority society towards Roma children. The theoretical part describes the formation of the Roma minority in the Czech Republic and its development. It focuses on the forms of adaptation of minority societies into the majority society and also deals with the aspects that affect the coexistence of these two groups. The first part is also devoted to social work with the minorities and organizations that cooperate with the Roma.

The empirical part describes the attitudes of children, from the majority society, of a predefined age in the selected location. It also discusses what influences their attitudes the most and on what basis they are able to change them. A survey also provided information about the differences children from the majority society see between themselves and the Roma children.